

# AN<sup>2</sup>Therapeutics

Developing treatments  
for rare, chronic,  
and serious infectious  
diseases with high  
unmet needs



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**Team** with significant experience in bringing medicines to market

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Co-Founder, President & CEO



**Sanjay Chanda, PhD**  
Chief Development Officer



**Lucy Day**  
Chief Financial Officer



**Paul Eckburg, MD**  
Chief Medical Officer



**Jennifer Huber**  
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**Kevin Krause, MBA**  
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**AN2 Therapeutics** is a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company developing treatments for rare, chronic, and serious infectious diseases with high unmet needs

- **Epetraborole (EBO): Pivotal Phase 2/3 antibiotic product candidate for non-tuberculous mycobacterial (NTM) lung disease**
  - Large market opportunity given the high unmet need; Arikayce, the only approved therapy for NTM lung disease in TR setting only
    - Arikayce: 9-month 2023 WW net sales of \$222M (+16%Y/Y)<sup>1</sup>
  - **Ideal Target Product Profile**
    - Novel mechanism of action, broad spectrum antimycobacterial activity
    - Convenient, once-daily oral dosing
    - Superior profile compared to SoC combination regimen in preclinical NTM models
    - Multiple Phase 1 studies out to 28 days of dosing support well-tolerated dose and high probability of target attainment
  - **Enrolling patients in Phase 3 portion of pivotal trial expected to support U.S. and Japan regulatory approval for TR MAC lung disease**
    - QIDP, Fast Track, and orphan drug designations granted in U.S.
    - Phase 2 part fully enrolled with 80 patients; topline results expected summer 2024
  - **Potential to develop epetraborole to address additional geographies and NTM indications**
- **We expect our boron chemistry expertise to drive future pipeline of differentiated compounds**
- **\$150.2M cash, cash equivalents and investments as of 9/30/2023 to fund operations through summer 2025<sup>2</sup>**



# Epetraborole (EBO): NTM Lung Disease



**IDWeek 2023: Three posters and two oral presentations** that advance understanding of epetraborole in NTM lung disease

Oral presentation: Epetraborole: A novel antibiotic for NTM lung disease & melioidosis

Oral presentation: In vitro susceptibility of recent mycobacterium abscessus isolates to epetraborole and comparators by broth microdilution

Poster title: A phase 1, multicenter, open-label, parallel-group study to assess the safety and pharmacokinetics (PK) of oral epetraborole tablets in adult subjects with varying degrees of renal function

Poster title: A phase 1, open-label, single dose study to evaluate the pharmacokinetics (PK), safety, and tolerability of epetraborole tablets and the impact of alcohol dehydrogenase (ADH) genotype on the PK of epetraborole and metabolite M3 in healthy japanese adult subjects

Poster title: Epetraborole in vitro activity against Mycobacterium avium complex recent clinical isolates from Japan

**Pipeline** targets high unmet needs in rare, chronic, and serious infectious diseases

*Lead asset –  
epetraborole enrolling  
Phase 3 for TR MAC*

*Pipeline accelerates  
epetraborole's broader  
potential and taps into  
other high unmet needs*

*Boron chemistry approach  
enables targeting of novel  
biological targets*

## EPETRABOROLE

		Research	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2/3	Status/Milestones
(oral) NTM Lung Disease	<i>Treatment-refractory (TR) MAC</i>	U.S., Japan, S. Korea & AUS				Complete enrollment in Phase 3 part of pivotal Phase 2/3 trial (over 100 sites); Topline readout of Phase 2 in summer 2024
(oral) NTM Lung Disease	<i>Treatment-naïve MAC</i>					Trial initiation upon positive readout from Phase 2 part of Phase 2/3 pivotal trial
(oral) NTM Lung Disease	<i>M. abscessus</i>					Conducting nonclinical studies as part of dose selection. Epetraborole potency established against <i>M. abscessus</i> ; in vivo efficacy reported and being used for dose selection
(IV) Meliodosis*	<i>B. pseudomallei</i>					Initiated observational trial in Thailand and Laos as part of NIAID agreement (up to \$17.8M contract)

## AN2-502998 (formerly AN15368)

(oral) Chagas Disease*	<i>Chronic infections caused by T. cruzi</i>					Preclinical studies underway
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## Boron Chemistry Platform

NTM Lung Disease	<i>Novel targets; broad-spectrum MAC &amp; M. abscessus</i>					Oral NTM program focused on novel MOAs
TB & Malaria*	<i>Amino acyl -tRNA synthetases</i>					Discovery program focused on novel MOAs

# NTM lung disease

a rare, chronic and progressive infectious disease

- NTM is a group of >200 species of mycobacteria commonly found in water and soil; unlike tuberculosis, not transmitted person-to-person<sup>1</sup>
- Epetraborole is being developed for the most common type of NTM, *Mycobacterium avium* complex (MAC)
  - MAC causes ~80%<sup>2</sup> of cases of NTM lung disease (complex currently includes 12 species, most common are *M. avium*, *M. intracellulare*, and *M. chimaera*)
- Symptoms similar to those associated with other chronic respiratory diseases (e.g., cough, sputum production, fatigue)
- Causes chronic infection that progresses to fibrosis, permanent lung damage, and respiratory failure<sup>1,2,3</sup>
  - 65+ age group most affected<sup>4</sup>
  - 5-year mortality rate between 10-48%<sup>5</sup>

1. Prevots DR, Marras TK. Epidemiology of human pulmonary infection with nontuberculous mycobacteria: a review. Clin Chest Med. 2015;36(1):13-34; [www.bacterio.net/mycobacterium](http://www.bacterio.net/mycobacterium).

2. Nontuberculous Mycobacteria (NTM) Infections, Healthcare-Associated Infections, Centers for Disease Control webpage (last updated August 12, 2019).

3. Nontuberculous Mycobacteria Lung Disease, Rare Disease Database, National Organization for Rare Disorders webpage (last updated 2018).

4. Who Is At Risk? About NTM Fact Page, Insmid webpage.

5. Diel R, et al. High mortality in patients with Mycobacterium avium complex lung disease: a systematic review. BMC Infect Dis. 2018;18(1):206. Published 2018 May 3.



# NTM lung disease underserved and growing market opportunity

*Initial indication targeting  
treatment-refractory MAC  
lung disease*

~200,000 estimated patients with NTM lung disease in U.S.<sup>1,2</sup>

**~55,000<sup>1,2</sup>**

Diagnosed with NTM lung disease

**~44,000<sup>1</sup>**

Diagnosed with MAC lung disease

**~15,000<sup>1</sup>**

Diagnosed with treatment-refractory MAC lung disease\*

*\*Treatment-refractory = Patients that remain culture positive  
despite ≥6 months of guideline-based antibiotic therapy*

## Current treatment regimens for patients with NTM

*Mycobacterium avium* complex (MAC) lung disease leave a significant unmet medical need

*All NTM treatments, except Arikayce, are used off-label*

### Treatment-Naïve Patients

2020 ATS/ETS/ESCMID/IDSA Guidelines recommend triple oral combination therapy, 3 times weekly

Antimycobacterial agent	Efficacy	Safety Liabilities
Macrolide (e.g., azithromycin)	~65% efficacy based on culture conversion	QT prolongation, GI intolerability, increasing resistance
Ethambutol		Optic neuritis, liver tox, peripheral neuropathy
Rifamycin (e.g., rifampin)		Liver tox, drug-drug interactions

**If NTM culture positive after 6 months of treatment**

### Treatment-Refractory Patients

Intensify guideline-based therapy (e.g., daily) and/or add new agents to combination

Antimycobacterial agent	Efficacy	Safety Liabilities
Amikacin liposome inhalation suspension (Arikayce)	<b>29% efficacy</b> based on culture conversion by month six (vs. 9% controls)	Respiratory toxicity, voice changes, ototoxicity
<i>Unproven oral therapies</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Clofazimine</li><li>• Bedaquiline</li><li>• Linezolid</li></ul>	N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Many tolerability issues, including GI, QT prolongation, liver tox, drug-drug interactions, blue discoloration of skin</li><li>• None FDA-approved</li></ul>

*Duration of therapy is  $\geq 12$  months beyond culture conversion*

**Arikayce (Inhaled liposomal amikacin):**  
first and only FDA-  
approved NTM lung  
disease drug

*Arikayce is associated with  
a high discontinuation rate  
and increased adverse  
events versus SoC therapy  
alone*

**Arikayce Pivotal Study (CONVERT) Results**

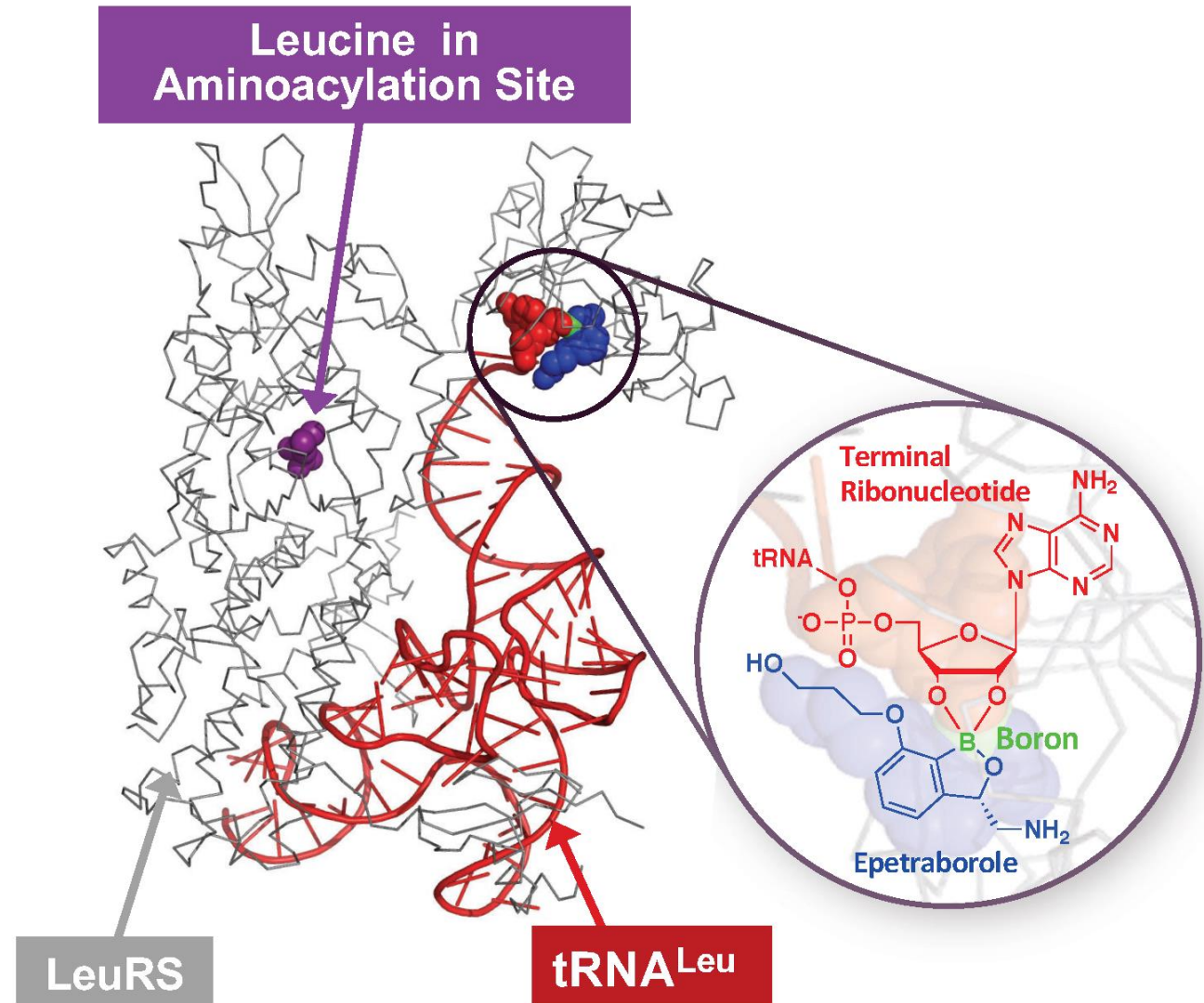
CONVERT Study Parameter	Arikayce	Control
Efficacy		
Culture-converted by month 6	29%	9%
Safety		
Withdrawn from study	20%	9%
Upper respiratory adverse events	18%	2%
Ototoxicity	17%	10%

**Arikayce Boxed Warnings**

- Associated with an increased risk of respiratory conditions (hypersensitivity pneumonitis, bronchospasm, exacerbation of underlying lung disease and hemoptysis) that have led to hospitalizations in some cases
- Other common side effects: dysphonia, cough, ototoxicity, upper airway irritation, musculoskeletal pain, fatigue, diarrhea and nausea

## Novel mechanism of action

*EBO inhibits the protein synthesis enzyme leucyl-tRNA synthetase (LeuRS) by binding to the terminal adenosine ribose of tRNA<sup>Leu</sup> in the editing site*





# Broad antimicrobial activity

*EBO in vitro antimicrobial activity against 161 clinical isolates of MAC from U.S. and Japan*

	MIC (mg/L)		
	Epetraborole	Clarithromycin	Amikacin*
MIC Range	0.25 - 16	0.125 - >64	2 - >64
MIC <sub>50</sub>	2	1	16
MIC <sub>90</sub>	4	4	32

- 98.8% of MAC isolates have EBO MIC ≤8 mg/L
- Antimicrobial activity of epetraborole, clarithromycin, and amikacin against 161 isolates of MAC including 73 *M. intracellulare* isolates, 75 *M. avium* isolates, 10 *M. chimaera* isolates, and 3 unspciated *M. avium* complex isolates
- Clarithromycin is a generic macrolide antimicrobial used to treat patients with MAC lung disease and Arikayce is the only approved therapy for the treatment of MAC lung disease

**EBO’s novel MoA allows it to maintain activity against MAC isolates resistant to clarithromycin**

MoA = Mechanism of Action  
MIC = Minimum Inhibitory Concentration

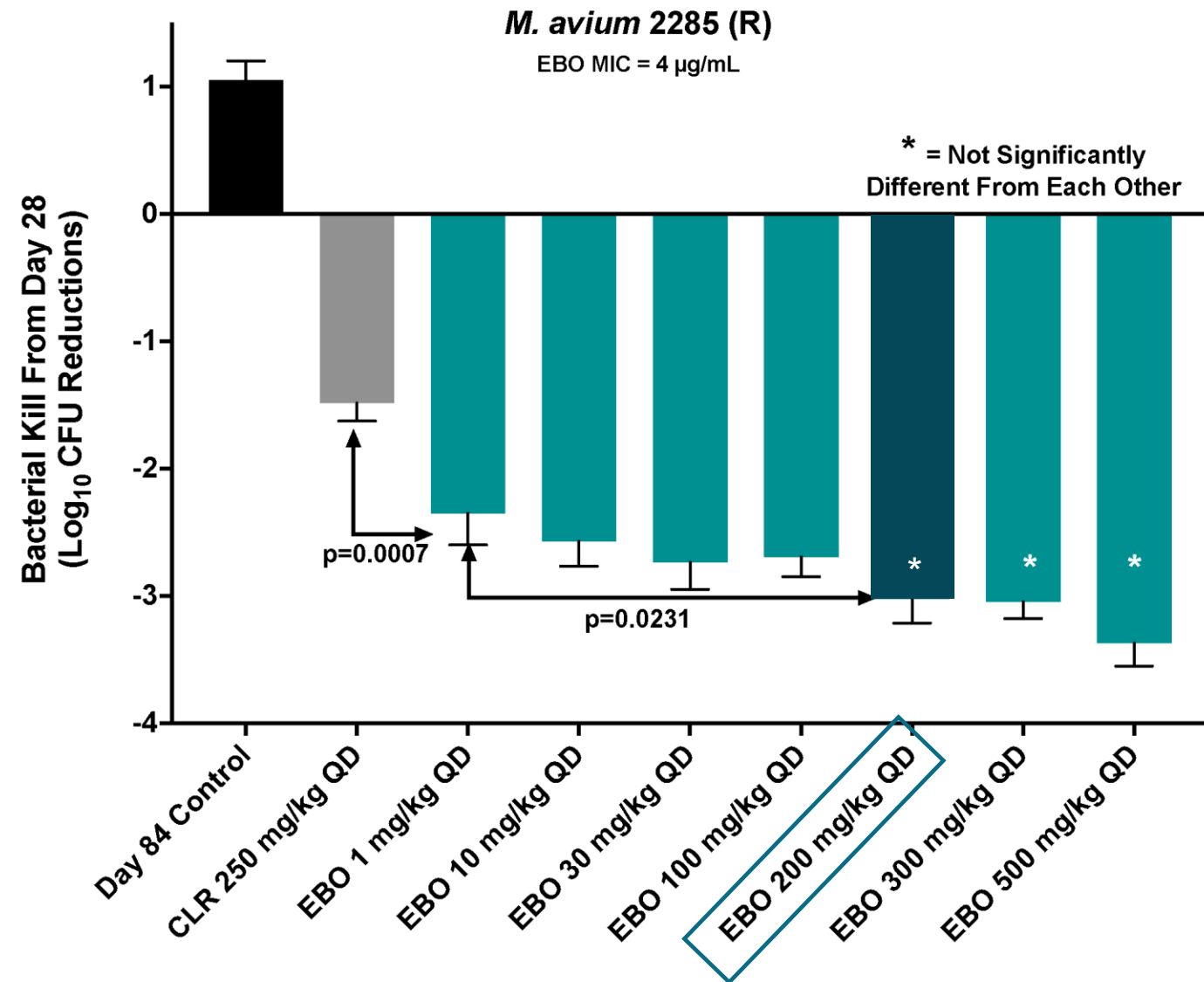
# Epetraborole antibacterial activity in a chronic model of MAC lung disease in mice

Showed improved antibacterial activity of epetraborole at all doses compared to the daily humanized clarithromycin dose of 250 mg/kg

CFU = Colony Forming Units

EBO=Epetraborole; CLR=Clarithromycin

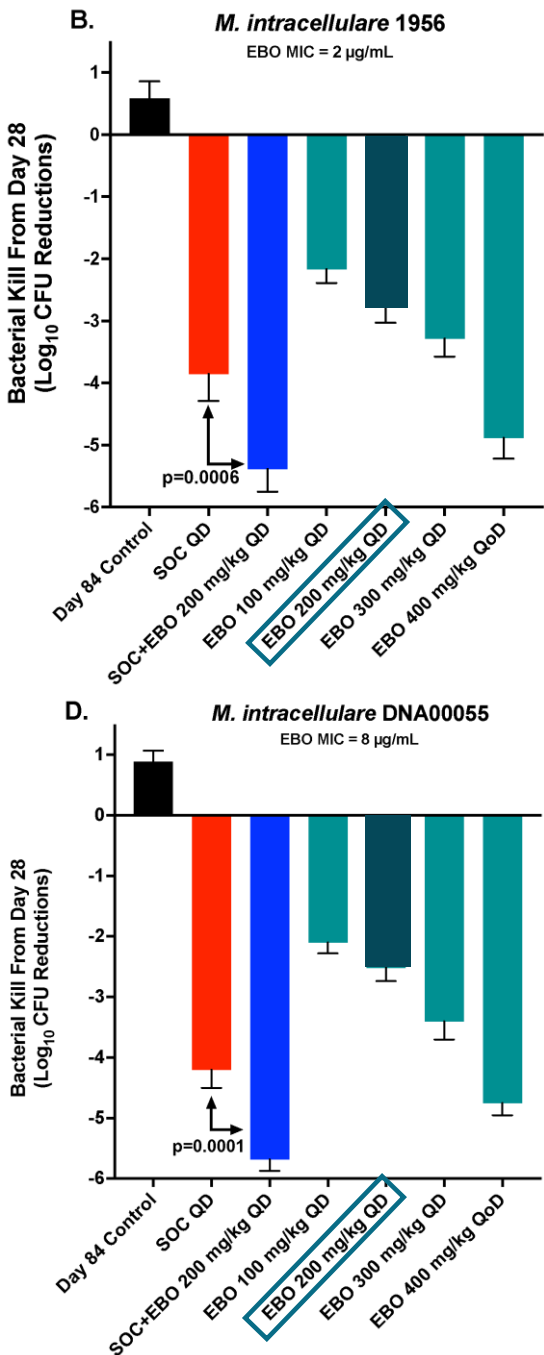
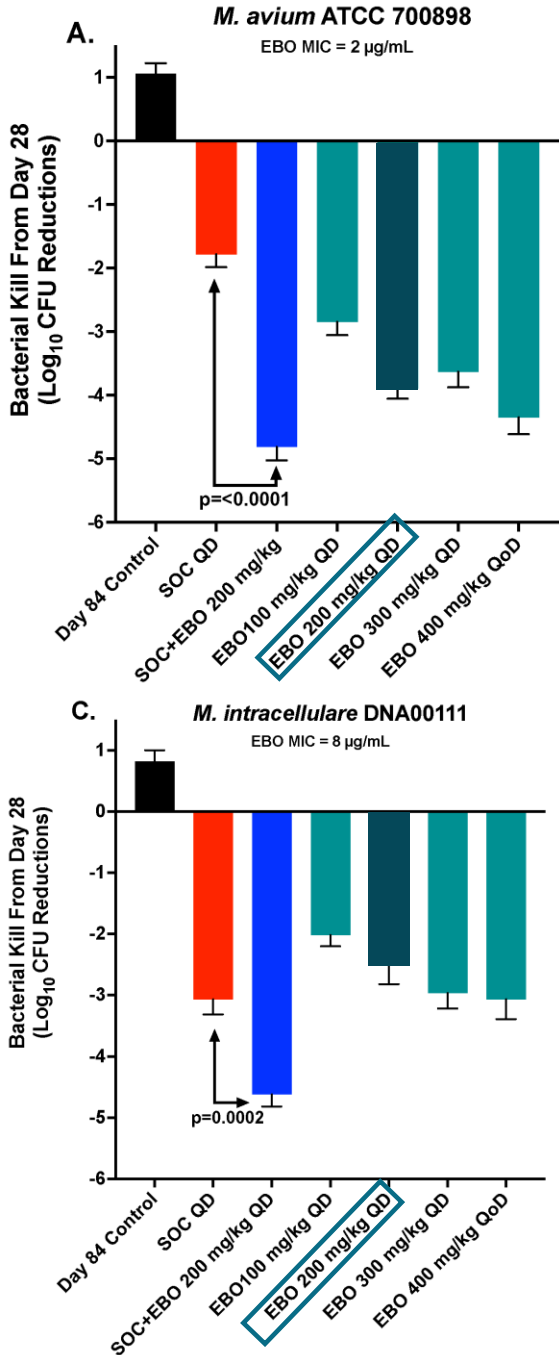
## Epetraborole (EBO) and Clarithromycin (CLR) antibacterial activity in a chronic model of MAC lung disease in mice against *M. avium* 2285 (R)



# Epetraborole antibacterial activity in a chronic model of MAC lung disease in mice

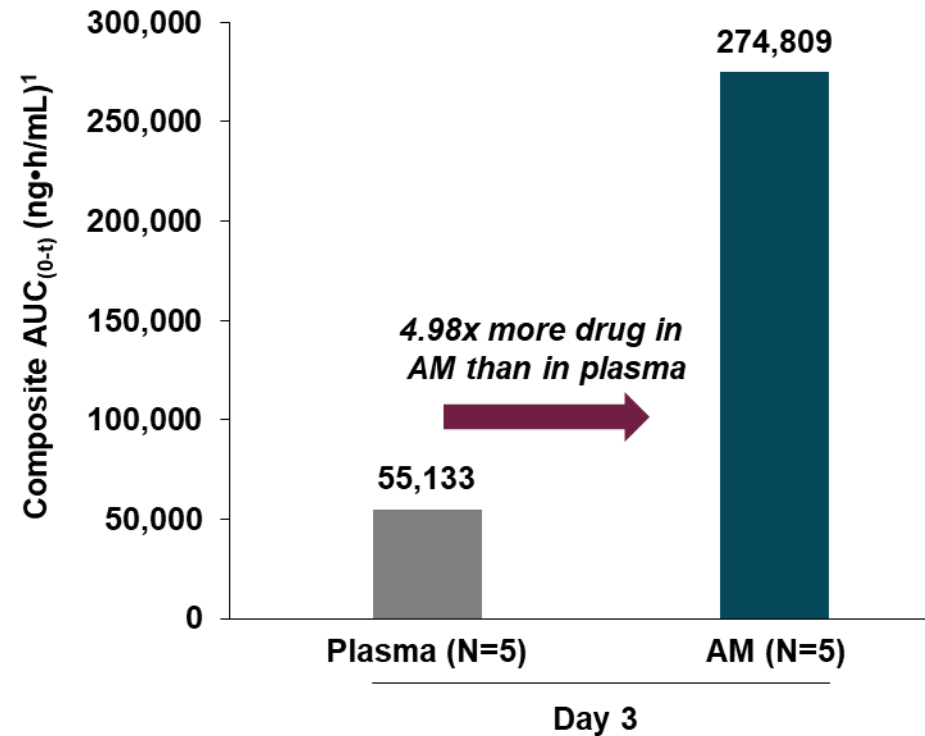
Significant reductions in  
MAC CFU with EBO  
monotherapy; superior  
decreases with EBO + SoC  
regimen compared to SoC  
alone

CFU = Colony Forming Units  
EBO=epetraborole  
SOC=clarithromycin, ethambutol, rifabutin



## Favorable pharmacokinetics

*Results from Phase 1 trial showed the concentration in lung macrophages (site of NTM infection) was 5x higher than in plasma*



<sup>1</sup>AUC based on concentrations at 2, 6, and 12-hour timepoints.  
AM = alveolar macrophages

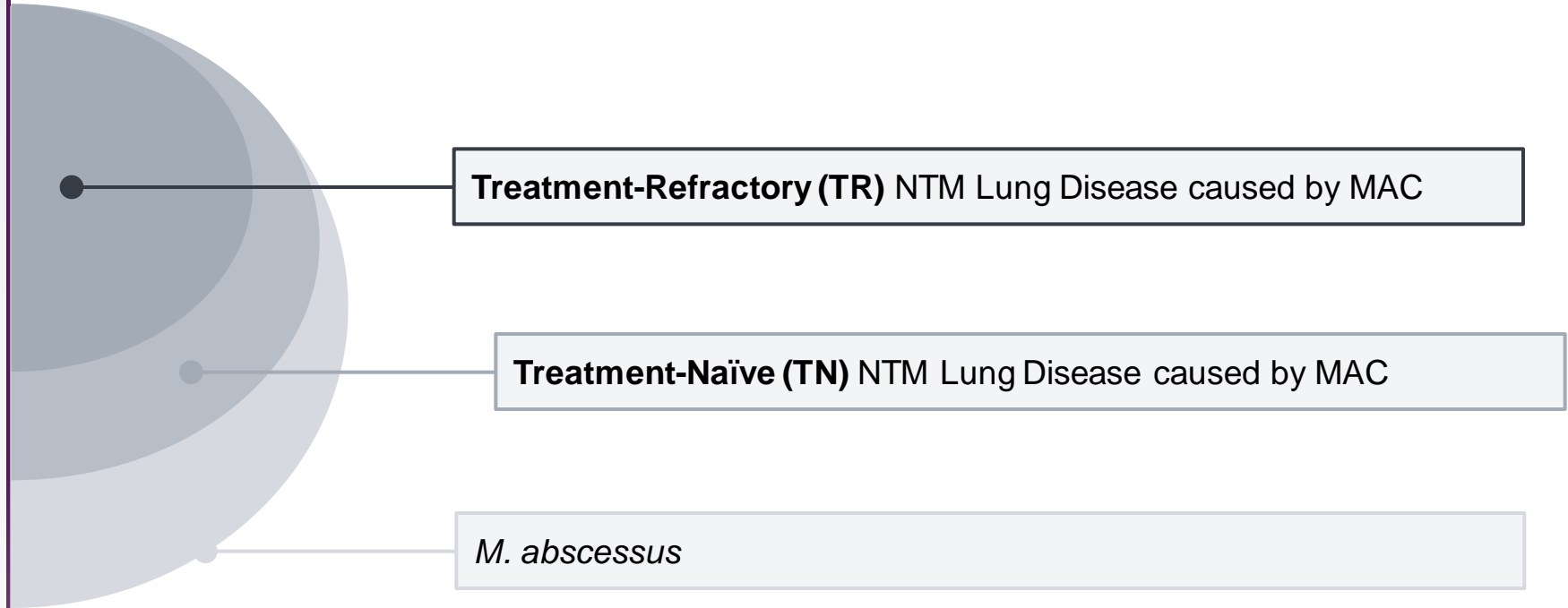
MTD = Maximum Tolerated Dose

**Results suggest therapeutically relevant doses of epetraborole may be achieved in macrophages at doses that are substantially lower than MTD in previous trials**



## Commercial strategy:

*Establish treatment refractory market, rapidly expanding to treatment-naïve MAC and *M. abscessus**



### • TR MAC

- Represents unmet medical need
- Trial design and success preceded by two previous Insmed trials
  - Both trials showed optimized background regiment (OBR) as 9% culture clearance and ability to be superior with add-on design
- TN MAC and *M. abscessus* also represent high unmet need indications that can follow after POC

# EBO-301: A Phase 2/3 pivotal clinical trial of epetraborole in treatment-refractory MAC lung disease

*Phase 3 part underway*

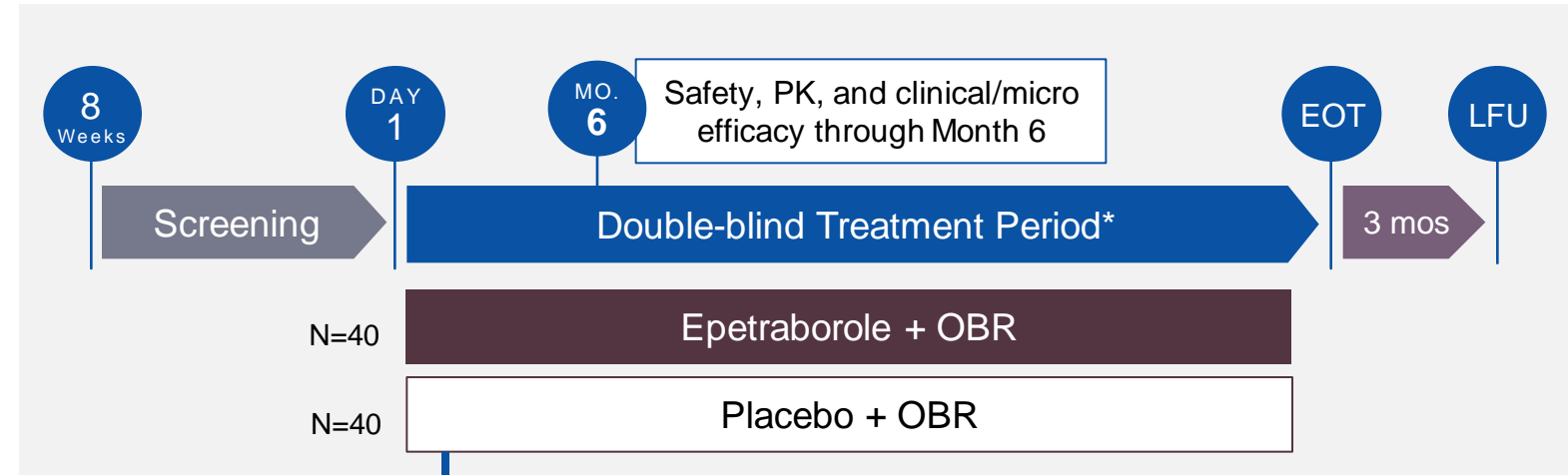
*Phase 2 part fully enrolled*

*Over 100 Clinical Sites*

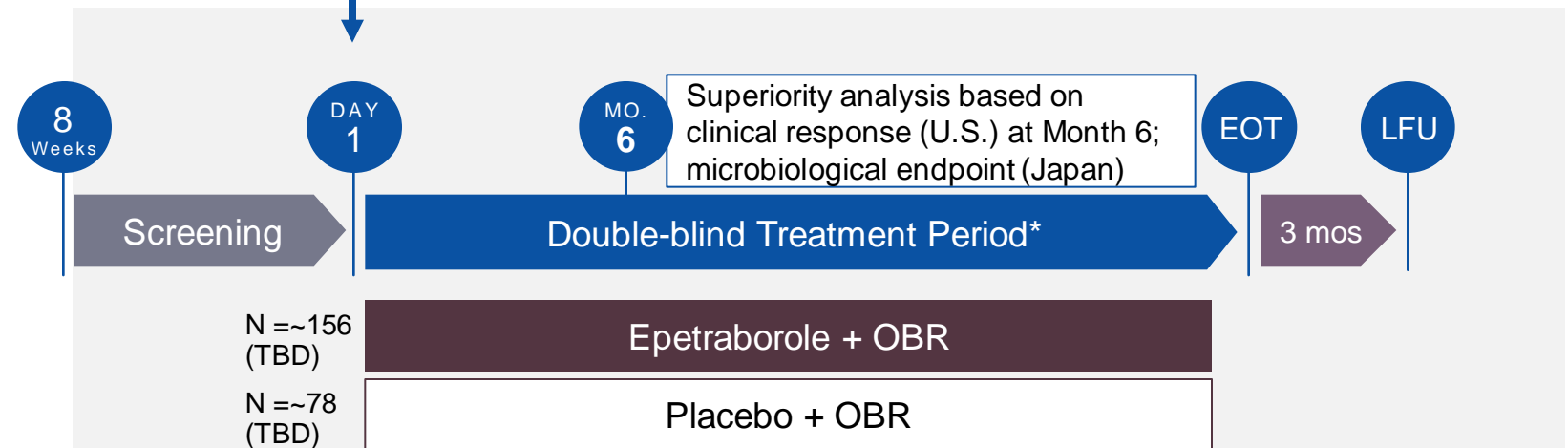
*Plan to use LPAD pathway in U.S.*

*Microbiological primary endpoint in Japan to support potential registration*

## Phase 2 Part



## Phase 3 Part



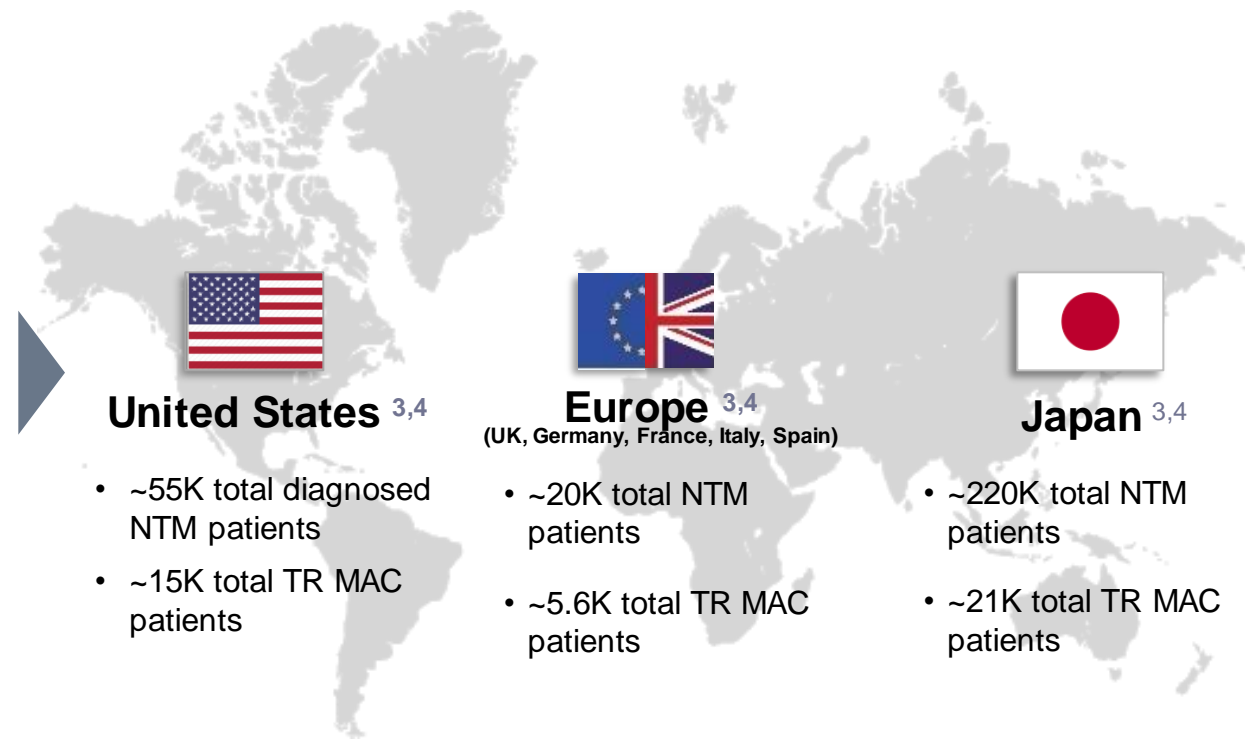
\* Patients who culture convert will be treated for 12 months from 1<sup>st</sup> negative culture per treatment guidelines.

EOT = End-of-Therapy; LFU = Late Follow-up; LPAD = Limited population anti-infective drug pathway; OBR = Optimized Background Regimen; TBD = Final sample size to be confirmed based on Phase 2 Part data.

## Significant market opportunity:

*U.S. & Japan major markets*

*ARIKAYCE shows significant sales potential despite challenging profile*



- **ARIKAYCE® 9-month 2023 WW net sales of \$222M (+16%Y/Y)<sup>1</sup>**
  - **US \$186M (full year 2022)<sup>2</sup>**
  - **Similar pricing in Europe and Japan**
- **Prevalence estimated to increase by ~8% per year in the U.S.**

# Epetraborole

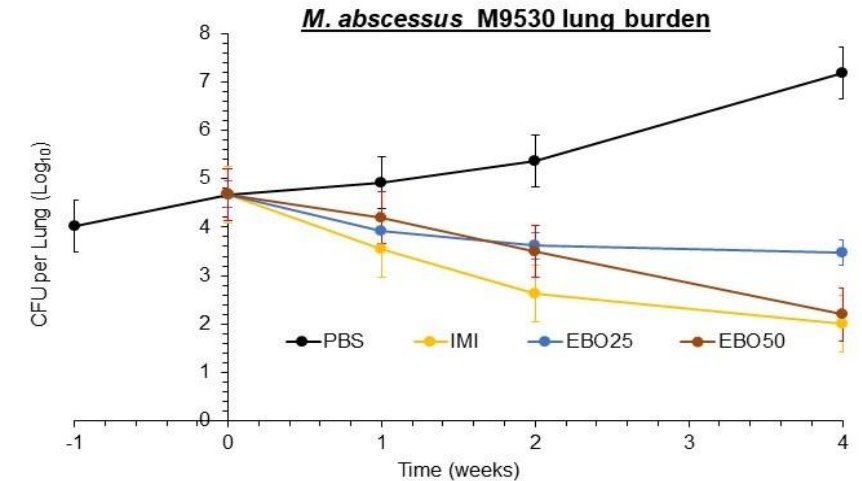
*Potent In Vitro & In Vivo Activity vs. M. abscessus (Mab)*

## 147 respiratory Mab isolates from U.S. & Europe

- MIC range 0.03–0.25 µg/ml; MIC<sub>90</sub> = 0.12 µg/ml
- Macrolide resistance, amikacin resistance, and morphology did not impact EBO activity

Antimicrobial	MIC (µg/mL)		
	MIC range	MIC <sub>50</sub>	MIC <sub>90</sub>
<b>Epetraborole</b>	<b>0.03 - 0.25</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.125</b>
Clarithromycin	≤0.25 - >32	>32	>32
Amikacin	4 - 64	16	64
Imipenem	≤1 - >32	8	32
Linezolid	≤0.5 - >16	16	>16
Moxifloxacin	≤0.5 - >4	4	>4
Cefoxitin	4 - 128	32	64
Doxycycline	0.25 - >4	>4	>4
Tobramycin	4 - >8	>8	>8
Clofazimine	≤0.25 - 1	0.5	1
Minocycline	≤0.125 - >8	>8	>8
Tigecycline	0.25 - 1	0.25	1
Rifabutin	0.5 - >4	>4	>4
Ethambutol	8 - >32	>32	>32

## Similar CFU reductions vs. imipenem in a chronic model of Mab lung disease (immuno-compromised C3HeB/FeJ mice)



Unpublished data from Gyanu Lamichhane's Lab at Johns Hopkins University.

PBS = Phosphate-buffered saline (negative control);  
 IMI = Imipenem 100 mg/kg SC BID;  
 EBO25 = Epetraborole 25 mg/kg PO QD;  
 EBO50 = Epetraborole 50 mg/kg PO QD.



## Intellectual property: ≥12 years exclusivity

### United States



- Composition of Matter (COM) patent expires June 2028
  - Without Hatch-Waxman extensions & pediatric exclusivity
- Up to 4-5 years of extensions
- Protection to ~**June 2033**

### U.S. Regulatory Exclusivity:

- **12 years post-marketing**
  - Orphan Drug (7 years)
  - GAIN Act (QIDP) (5 years)

### Europe



### COM Patents Issued in 2014

- Europe provides 10 years of exclusivity from launch with centralized filing

### Japan



- Similar mechanisms available in Japan

**Attractive target product profile** to address unmet needs in NTM with potential to become an important component of therapy

Planned Target Product Profile (TPP) Criteria <sup>1</sup>	EBO	ARIKAYCE®	SPR-720 <sup>2</sup>	MNKD-101
Targeted for treatment refractory patients	✓	✓	X	✓
Broad-spectrum against mycobacterial isolates	✓	✓	✓	✓
Novel target with no observed cross-resistance	✓	X	✓	X
Oral route of administration	✓	X	✓	X
Potential for improved safety & tolerability for long duration	✓	X	?	?
Potential for predictable PK at site of infection	✓	X	X	X
Potential for reducing treatment duration	✓	✓	✓	✓

1. Wu ML, Aziz DB, Dartois V, Dick T. NTM drug discovery: status, gaps and the way forward. Drug Discovery Today. 2018;23(8):1502-1519
2. Spero Therapeutics
3. MannKind Corporation

TPP criteria and product profiles presented in this table are based on an in-house analysis of published data, drug product labeling, and have been combined from multiple sources presented in different studies. SPR-720 and MNKD-101 are product candidates in clinical development by third parties and are not approved therapies for patients.

## Our global health commitment

- AN2 leadership team is committed to applying our know-how to help solve some of the toughest infections in global health
- Intent is to fund these efforts primarily through non-dilutive funding from sources such as public and private agencies and foundations
- Current programs in melioidosis, malaria, tuberculosis and Chagas disease with the following partners

### Global health agreement partners:



Adjuvant Global Health Technology Fund

//Adjuvant  
Capital

AN2Therapeutics



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